

Fluid-Structure Interaction Through the Use of PFEM

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Work Done

1)

- ✓ Python interface for PFEM3D using Swig.
- ✓ Coupling PFEM3D with CUPyDO for FS interactions.

Current Work

2)

- Finalizing adaptive time step and intermediate remeshing in CUPyDO.
- Allows multiple FS interface in CUPyDO.

Next Work

3)

- ✗ Detection of fluid nodes/elements into the solid.
- ✗ Test-case of flow-driven elastic structure in 2D (see next slides).
- ✗ UCLouvain contribution to the remeshing algorithm.

CUPyDO FSI coupling $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Block Gauss Seidel Coupling Method.} \\ \text{Incompressible fluid : } \rho = 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3, \mu = 10^{-3} \text{ Pa} \cdot \text{s} \\ \text{Hypoelastic solid : } \rho = 2500 \text{ kg/m}^3, E = 10^6 \text{ Pa}, \nu = 0 \end{array} \right.$

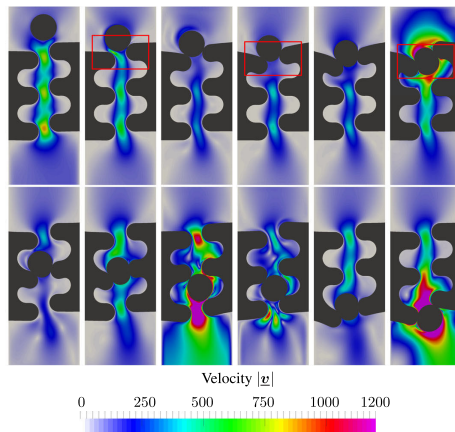
- Computation time = **1141** sec

- Computation time = **398** sec

Figure: Plot of $|\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x}, t)|$ in m/s (**PFEM**).

Figure: Plot of $|\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x}, t)|$ in m/s (**PFEM3D**).

Christoph Ager et al. (2019): 10.1002/nme.6556.



• Input Flow

$$\begin{cases} v_x = 4 \times 10^5 (x^2 - 1) \\ t < 2.5 \times 10^{-4} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} v_x = 100 (x^2 - 1) \\ t \geq 2.5 \times 10^{-4} \end{cases}$$

• Neo-Hookean Solid

$$E_b = 100, E_s = 200$$

$$\nu_b = \nu_s = 0.3$$

• Incompressible Fluid

$$\rho_f = \rho_o = 10^{-6}$$

$$\mu_f = 10^{-5}$$

Flow-driven elastic structure : Metafor and PFEM3D codes independently.

Imposed displacement (x, y) .

Figure: Plot of $\sigma_{VM}(\mathbf{x}, t)$.

Figure: Plot of $|\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x}, t)|$ in m/s.

- Adaptive CUPyDO time step for FS interface position computation.
- Intermediate time steps and remeshing for the fluid solver.

Figure: Plot of $|\mathbf{v}(\mathbf{x}, t)|$ in m/s.